

Data Snapshot of Immigrants in Illinois: Effective COVID Relief Depends on the Inclusion of Immigrants

The COVID-19 crisis has shown that we are interconnected: the health and prosperity of *each* of us depends on the health and prosperity of *all* of us. Yet, the legislation enacted to date has excluded millions of immigrants and their families from health care and economic relief. A response that leaves out immigrants and their families in Illinois--many of whom are providing care for our loved ones and delivering groceries--will undermine our public health and economic recovery. This data snapshot describes immigrants in Illinois, some of the barriers to accessing health care they face, and how the Health and Economic Recovery Omnibus Emergency Solutions ("HEROES") Act would make our state and nation healthier and safer.

Immigrants in Illinois:

- Approximately **1.7 million people in Illinois,** including 530,000 children, **live in families with at least one noncitizen** in the household.¹
- Nearly one in five (18%) Illinois workers in frontline industries are immigrants, including about 17% of workers in the grocery and health care and 44% of workers in the building cleaning services industries.²

Barriers Accessing Essential Services for Testing and Treatment of COVID-19 for Immigrants in Illinois:

- Because of the public charge regulation's "chilling effect," immigrant families, including many who are not subject to the public charge test, are avoiding public programs.³ About 1.04 million people in Illinois could potentially be deterred from public programs because of immigration-related consequences.⁴
- Rapid job loss is leading to declines in employer-provided health insurance coverage,⁵ which in turn has increased need for publicly funded health care. If unemployment were to reach 17.5%, approximately 29.000 more noncitizens in low-income Illinois households would be uninsured.⁶

Among Ways the HEROES Act Would Help Immigrants in Illinois:

- Provides economic relief to approximately 484,000 children and adults in Illinois households that filed taxes with an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN).
- The direct economic impact of the inclusion of ITIN households in Coronovarius Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act (retroactively) and HEROES Act would be approximately \$1 billion. As recipients use these funds to pay rent and buy groceries, they will strengthen the Illinois economy.

If you have questions or would like assistance creating your own state-specific version, please contact Renato Rocha at <a href="mailto:ccatag

Public Charge Proposed Rule: Potentially Chilled Population Data Dashboard (Manatt Health, 2018), https://www.manatt.com/insights/articles/2018/public-charge-rule-potentially-chilled-population.

² A Basic Demographic Profile of Workers in Frontline Industries, <u>A Basic Demographic Profile of Workers in Frontline Industries (Center for Economic and Policy, April 2020)</u>.

⁴ Public Charge Proposed Rule: Potentially Chilled Population Data Dashboard (Manatt Health, 2018), https://www.manatt.com/insights/articles/2018/public-charge-rule-potentially-chilled-population. Calculation of the potentially chilled population based on families with at least one noncitizen and earned income under 250 percent of the federal poverty level.

⁵ As of April 2020, the national unemployment rate stands at nearly 15 percent: https://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/empsit.pdf.

⁶ Barriers to COVID-19 Testing and Treatment: Immigrants without Health Coverage in the United States, (Migration Policy Institute, May 2020), https://www.migrationpolicy.org/research/covid-19-testing-treatment-immigrants-health-insurance.

Analysis: How the HEROES Act Would Reach ITIN Filers, Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy, May 2020), https://itep.org/analysis-how-the-heroes-act-would-reach-itin-filers/.

⁸ Ibid.