

State-by-State Impact of Doubling CCDBG Funding in FY 2018

An increase of \$2.9 billion—doubling discretionary funding for the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG)—in FY 2018 would allow states to expand child care assistance to nearly 230,000 additional children, as well as implement the 2014 bipartisan CCDBG reauthorization to improve the health, safety, and quality of child care.¹ The table below shows the state-by-state impact of doubling discretionary funding for CCDBG.

Number of Children to Gain CCDBG-Funded Child Care with a \$2.9 Billion Increase	
State	Number of Children
Alabama	4,020
Alaska	580
Arizona	3,950
Arkansas	1,200
California	17,590
Colorado	2,740
Connecticut	1,380
Delaware	1,170
District of Columbia	240
Florida	13,310
Georgia	9,540
Hawaii	1,100
Idaho	1,080
Illinois	7,480
Indiana	5,630
Iowa	2,670

Kansas	2,270
Kentucky	1,640
Louisiana	2,980
Maine	450
Maryland	2,820
Massachusetts	4,780
Michigan	5,200
Minnesota	3,790
Mississippi	3,320
Missouri	5,830
Montana	520
Nebraska	1,880
Nevada	910
New Hampshire	890
New Jersey	7,770
New Mexico	2,660
New York	17,650
North Carolina	10,380
North Dakota	360
Ohio	7,640
Oklahoma	3,930
Oregon	2,480
Pennsylvania	15,140
Rhode Island	970
South Carolina	1,750
South Dakota	660
Tennessee	4,130
Texas	18,090
Utah	1,750

Vermont	700
Virginia	4,020
Washington	7,270
West Virginia	1,330
Wisconsin	4,490
Wyoming	520
Total	226,210

For more analysis of this funding proposal, see CLASP's fact sheet, *Democratic Proposal Would Expand Child Care Assistance to Nearly 230,000 Children*, which includes state-by-state funding allocations.