Transitional Jobs

Transitional Jobs: Real Jobs, Real Wages, Real Success

eforming welfare must ultimately be about helping poor parents achieve economic security. While many have left welfare for work during the past several years, too many have been left behind because they don't have a high school degree, have little or no work history, have health problems, are in abusive relationships, or are dealing with other circumstances that make it difficult to work.

Transitional jobs programs, which address these barriers to work with the effective combination of support, work, and vocational training, have had significant success turning job seekers into wage earners. Participants earn paychecks, allowing them to pay into Social Security and qualifying them for the federal Earned Income Tax Credit.

There is solid evidence that transitional jobs are moving long-term welfare recipients and other hard-to-employ adults into the work-force. On the whole, other, less intensive programs have not succeeded with this population, but transitional jobs programs' combination of work, training, and support services has produced very positive results. Between 39 and 82 percent of people who enroll

complete the program, and the majority of program graduates—

81 to 94 percent—go on to find unsubsidized employment averaging \$7 to \$10 per hour to start.

Currently, transitional jobs programs exist in several states, in rural areas, and in cities of all sizes across the country. Many of these programs are in jeopardy because of tight state budgets.

Additionally, many

cities and states interested in transitional

jobs programs have had difficulty getting programs off the ground because of lack of funds.

With welfare reauthorization pending, Congress has the opportunity to provide funding to stabilize and expand these programs throughout the country. In a time of state and federal budget austerity, transitional jobs programs are a good investment.

What are transitional jobs?

Transitional jobs are time-limited, publicly subsidized jobs that combine real work, skill development, and support services to help participants overcome substantial barriers to employment. They

operate in rural, urban, and suburban "We've seen significant areas of the country, success in moving people engaging individuals off welfare rolls and who have a broad array of barriers to into good-paying jobs. work. Transitional We've effectively jobs placements are typically in public or replaced welfare grants nonprofit organizawith paychecks for tions. Workers earn a wage-not a benefitthousands of people." of between \$5.15 and -Martha Choe, Director \$8 per hour and work of the Washington State between 20 to 35 Office of Trade and hours per week. The **Economic Development** programs are time-

offering from six to 12 months of paid work experience. As participants near the end of the program, they are assisted in looking for and obtaining unsubsidized employment.

limited, typically

Who benefits from transitional jobs?

For people who face barriers, or who lack the skills or experience to compete successfully in the labor market, paid work in a supportive environment and access to needed services provide a real chance to move forward. Many transitional jobs programs focus primarily on welfare recipients

who have unsuccessfully participated in less intensive job programs. In particular, these programs are essential for families who have lost, or may soon lose, cash assistance because of welfare time limits. However, transitional job programs also successfully serve other hard-to-employ populations, such as recently released offenders, youth, refugees, and people with disabilities.

Do transitional jobs programs produce positive results?

There is solid evidence that this new generation of programs serving welfare recipients and other hard-to-employ adults is working. According to a national study of transitional jobs programs, 39 to 82 percent of participants who enroll complete the program. Of those who finish the program, 81 to 94 percent find unsubsidized employment.

How do transitional jobs programs compare to unpaid work experience programs?

Job search activities and unpaid work experience programs have

not been successful with people facing severe barriers to work. Unpaid work experience programs typically do not provide participants with supportive services nor with useful work experience. These faults translate into poor results. For example, in FY 2002, only 9 percent of those enrolled in New York City's unpaid Work Experience Program found unsubsidized employment. The unpaid work program in Washington State was eliminated because research showed very limited positive effects on employment and earnings.

Why are transitional jobs successful?

Transitional jobs are a chance to succeed in the real world of work. Transitional jobs participants work long enough to gain substantial work experience, develop a career plan, and receive the technical and life-skills training they need to succeed. By earning a paycheck, participants are also eligible for the Earned Income Tax Credit, which boosts their income by as much as 40 percent. Family income rises as does the worker's self-esteem and skill level.

How are transitional jobs funded?

The Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Welfare-to-Work block grants have been the principal sources of funding for transitional jobs programs. However, Welfare-to-Work funds have been exhausted in many parts of the country and must be spent completely during the next two years. In addition, with ever-growing competition for TANF funds in a period of rising caseloads and, in many cases, severely declining state revenues, it will be increasingly difficult to fund transitional jobs programs solely with TANF funds. Currently, Congress has the opportunity to provide funding for these programs through the TANF reauthorization process.

Transitional jobs programs work where other programs have failed. For those running out of chances and time, transitional jobs programs provide a critical lifeline. The numbers don't lie—transitional jobs programs work.



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Transitional Jobs Programs Nationwide

(As of March 2003)

CURRENT PROGRAMS

Community Services & Workforce Development

Maria Fehl Hollister, CA (831) 637-9293 mfehl@hollinet.com

Housing Authority, City of Los Angeles

Gloria Moore Los Angeles, CA (213) 252-1802 gjmoore3@yahoo.com

The Unity Council/CIRCLES Project

Marsha Murrington Oakland, CA (510) 535-6913 mgm@unitycouncil.org

Community Jobs Program

Jeanne Zarka San Francisco, CA (415) 575-4533 jeanne_zarka@ci.sf.ca.us

Goodwill Industries of San Francisco

Sam Tuttleman, Vice President San Francisco, CA (415) 575-2145 stuttleman@sfgoodwill.org

GoodWORKS!

Wendi Copeland, Vice President of Career Services Goodwill Industries of Middle Georgia and the Central Savannah River Area Macon, GA (478) 746-7647 wcopeland@goodwillworks.org

Linda Johnson

Georgia Department of Labor Atlanta, GA (404) 463-3836 lindat.johnson@dol.state.ga.us

WorkHawaii/O'ahu Work Links

Nani Fife, Welfare Reform Program Manager City & County of Honolulu Dept. of Community Services Honolulu, HI (808) 843-0733, ext. 229 nanifife@hotmail.com

Suburban Job-Link Corporation

Chicago, IL (312) 612-7600

YouthBuild USA (15 sites in U.S.)

Anne Wright, Director Affiliated Network Somerville, MA (617) 741-1202 awright@youthbuild.org

Advancement Plus

Jan Mueller, MFIP Director Lifetrack Resources St. Paul, MN (651) 265-2321 or (651) 227-0621 janm@lifetrackresources.org

Center for Employment Opportunities

Mindy Tarlow, Executive Director New York, NY mtarlow@ceoworks.org

St. Lawrence County One Stop Career Center

John Manson Canton, NY (315) 386-3276, ext. 114 JManson@co.st-lawrence.ny.us

Cuyahoga County Work and Training

Sandra Bizzell Cleveland, OH (216) 987-7594 bizzes@odhs.state.oh.us "I work during the week and go to school after work to obtain my GED. This is something I never had the desire to do before this program. My children are excited and proud of me because I am working and going back to school. I am proud because I can bring home a check to help support my family."

—Transitional Jobs Participant

Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare

David Florey, Director Bureau of Employment and Training Harrisburg, PA (717) 787-8613

Transitional Work Corporation

Richard Greenwald, President/CEO Philadelphia, PA (215) 965-8140, ext. 310 rgreenwald@transitionalwork.org

Empowerment Program (HU-CARE)

Judy Faircloth Hampton, VA (757) 727-5651, ext. 6668 judy.faircloth@hamptonu.edu

TAP This Valley Works Training Program

Ricky C. Sheets, Program Manager Roanoke, VA (540) 767-6222 Rick.Sheets@education.edu

Community Jobs

Julie Wilson, Program Manager Olympia, WA (360) 725-4147 juliew@cted.wa.gov

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SERVICE AND CONSERVATION CORPS WELFARE-TO-WORK SITES

National Association of Service and Conservation Corps

Marty O'Brien Washington, DC (202) 737-6272

Greater Miami Service Corps

Deborah Dorsett Miami, FL (305) 638-4672

New Jersey Youth Corps of Camden County/The Work Group

Lori Godorov Pennsauken, NJ (856) 486-7390

New Jersey Youth Corps of Newark/International Youth Organization

Derek Winans Newark, NJ (973) 621-1100

New Jersey Youth Corps of Paterson

Ralph Colognori Paterson Adult School Paterson, NJ (973) 881-6572

New Jersey Youth Corps of Vineland

Gloria Kucher Vineland Adult Education Vineland, NJ (856) 794-6943

Ohio Civilian Conservation Corps Headquarters

Terrie TerMeer Ohio Department of Natural Resources Columbus, OH (614) 265-6423

PROGRAMS FORMERLY IN OPERATION, CURRENTLY LOOKING FOR FUNDING TO RE-START

People Realizing Employment Possibilities

Andre Stephens, Executive Director St. Francis County Workforce Alliance Forrest City, AR (870) 630-9131

Transitional Community Service Jobs

im4poor@aol.com

Joe Antolin, Vice President Heartland Alliance Chicago, IL (312) 660-1341 joea@hamail.org

Department of Administration

David Riemer
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CITIES BEGINNING TO IMPLEMENT PROGRAMS

City of Richmond, CA

Ilona McGriff, Senior Administrative Analyst Employment & Training Department (510) 307-8153 imcgrif@richmondworks.org

District of Columbia

Jason Cohen Department of Human Services (202) 698-3955 jcohen@ima.dcgov.org

City of Fort Wayne, IN

Anthony Hudson, Program Developer, Allen County Community Corrections (260) 449-4539 Anthony.Hudson@co.allen. in.us

City of Baltimore, MD

Gerald Grimes
Mayor's Office of Employment
Department
(410) 396-6580
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City of Detroit, MI

Jennifer Davis, Planner Employment & Training Department (313) 876-0584, ext. 219 jdavis@emptrain.ci.detroit.mi.us

City of Jackson, MS

Melvin Anderson, Director Department of Human & Cultural Services (601) 368-7409 gloriaf@city.jackson.ms.us

City of Winston-Salem, NC

Linda Jackson-Barnes, Assistant to the Mayor Office of the Mayor (336) 773-7744 lindajb@cityofws.org

City of San Antonio, TX

Dennis Campa, Director Department of Community Initiatives (210) 207-7209 dcampa@sanantonio.gov

City of Waco, TX

Bert Lumbreras, Assistant City Manager (254) 750-5640 bertl@ci.waco.tx.us

City of Virginia Beach, VA

Barbara Brinson, Director Youth Opportunities Office (757) 474-8620 bbrinson@vbgov.com