



Arizona Head Start by the Numbers 2008 PIR Profile

October, 2009

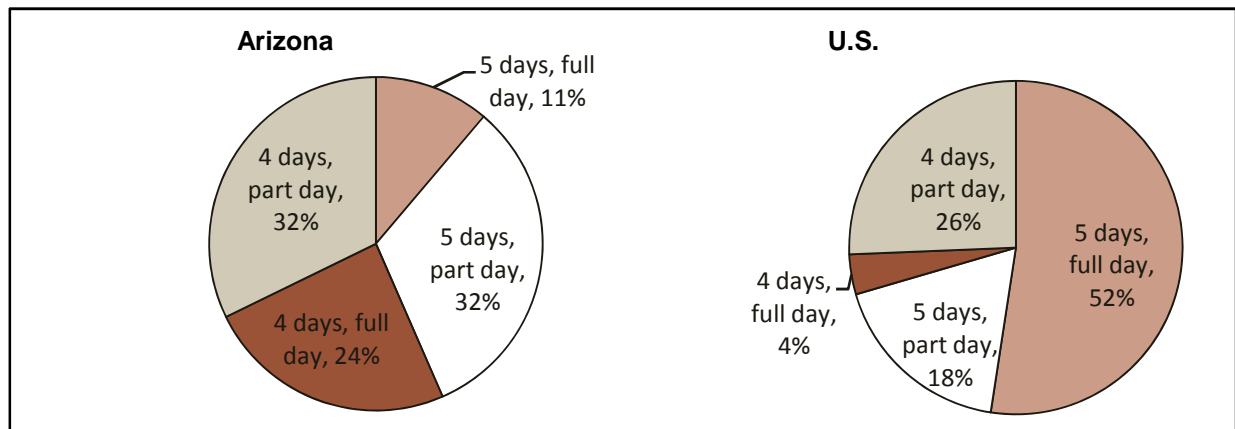
This fact sheet is based on the 2008 Program Information Report (PIR) data, which all Head Start programs are required to complete on an annual basis.¹ For more information on the PIR and national Head Start or Early Head Start data, visit www.clasp.org.

Programs

Total number grantees/delegates: ²	39
Early Head Start grantees/delegates:	8
Head Start (preschool) grantees/del:	30
Migrant/Seasonal grantees/del:	1
Total number of slots:	19,649
ACF-funded slots: ³	19,649
Slots funded through other sources: ⁴	0

Participants Served, by Program Option		
Program option	AZ	U.S.
Center-based	88%	92%
Home-based	12%	5%
Family child care	0%	1%
Combination	0%	1%
Locally-designed	0%	1%

Operating schedule for center-based programs⁵



Participants

Total actual enrollment: ⁶	21,923
Total children enrolled:	21,797
Total pregnant women enrolled:	126

Primary Language Spoken in the Home ⁷		
Language	AZ	U.S.
English	53%	69%
Spanish	44%	26%
Native North American or Alaskan Native Languages	2%	<1%
All other languages	2%	5%

Race and Ethnicity⁸

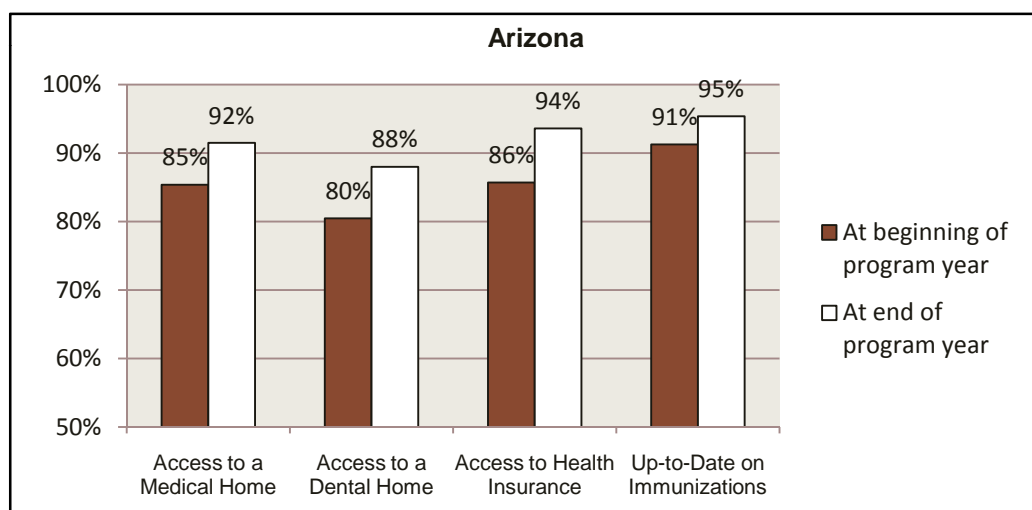
	AZ	U.S.
Hispanic (any race)	59%	36%
White	58%	39%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	25%	4%
Unspecified	11%	18%
Black or African American	3%	29%
Bi-Racial or Multi-Racial	3%	7%
Asian	0%	2%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	0%	1%
Other	0%	<1%

**Medical Screenings⁹**

Percent of enrolled children screened	91%
Of children screened, percent requiring follow-up treatment	14%
Of children requiring further treatment, percent receiving follow-up treatment	93%

Disability Services

Percent of enrolled children diagnosed as having a disability	10%
Of children with a disability, percent diagnosed during the program year	48%
Of children with a disability, percent diagnosed prior to this program year	52%

Access to Medical Services for Children¹⁰**Families**

Total Number of Families: 20,361

	AZ	U.S.
Single-parent families	38%	57%
Two-parent families	62%	43%
Families with at least one employed parent	75%	70%
Families with at least one parent in school/job training	11%	13%
Families receiving TANF	12%	16%
Families receiving WIC	46%	52%

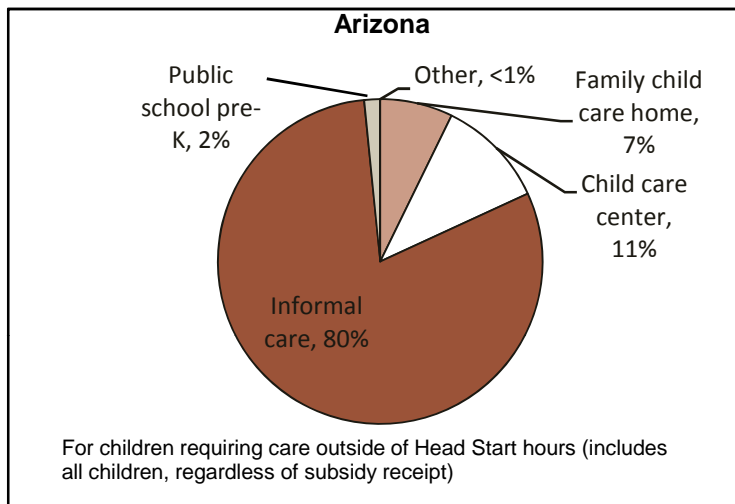
Head Start Family Services

Percent of families who received:	
Health education	45%
Parenting education	36%
Emergency/crisis intervention services	19%
Adult education	17%
ESL services	15%
Job training	9%
Housing assistance	9%
Mental health services	9%
Transportation assistance	6%

Percent of families who accessed at least one family service through Head Start: 62%



Child Care Arrangements¹¹



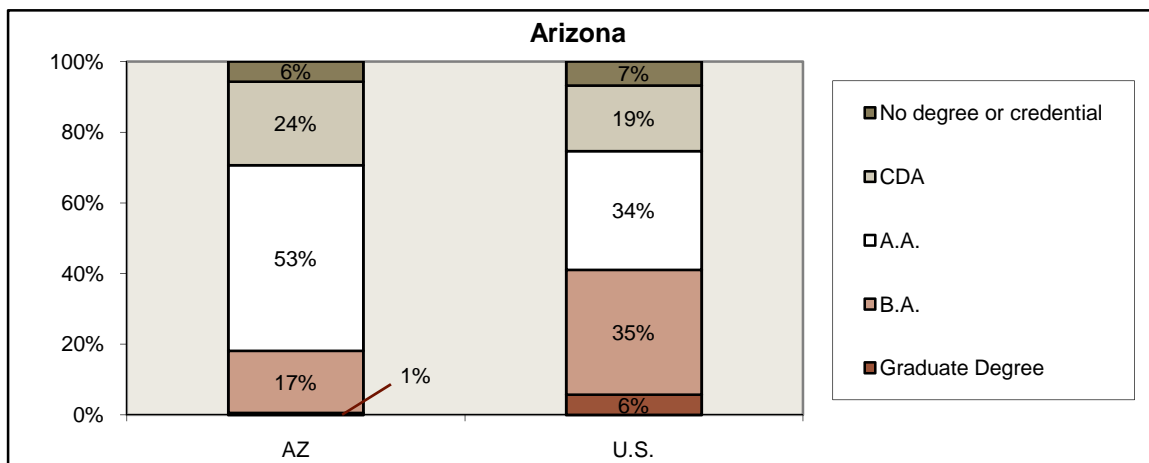
Percent of children receiving child care subsidy: 2%

Percent of children in Head Start programs operating at least 8 hours per day: 2%

Staff

Total number of staff:	4,006	Percent of staff who are current or former Head Start parents:	29%
Total number of teachers:	949	Average teacher salary: ¹²	\$25,531
Percent who left the program during the year:	20%		

Teacher Education Level¹³



Endnotes

¹ Data includes all Head Start programs in the state, including Head Start preschool, Early Head Start, Migrant and Seasonal Head Start, and American Indian and Alaskan Native programs.

² Each grantee and delegate agency must submit a separate PIR report annually. Further, programs operating Head Start and Early Head Start services must submit a separate report for the Head Start program and the Early Head Start program. Therefore, for the purposes of these PIR profiles, each Head Start, Early Head Start, and delegate agency is counted separately in the total number of grantees/delegates.

³ Includes slots funded by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families.

⁴ Includes slots funded by all sources other than ACF (for example, states, local non-profits, private sector, school districts) that also report PIR data to the Office of Head Start. States may fund additional Head Start slots that may not be part of the federal reporting and PIR data collection process.

⁵ The PIR defines “full day” programs as those operating at least six hours per day and “part day” programs as those operating less than six hours per day. Percentages may not add to 100 percent due to rounding.

⁶ The PIR collects data on all children and pregnant women enrolled at any point, including those who do not complete the year. Since some participants drop out during the program year and are replaced, the number of total actual participants exceeds the number of Head Start slots.

⁷ Head Start collects data on various language groups. In 2008, across the United States, the PIR reported that the primary language spoken in the home for 69 percent of all Head Start participants was English and for 26 percent of all Head Start participants was Spanish. One percent or less of all participants were reported in each of the following primary language categories: Middle Eastern/South Asian languages, East Asian languages; European/Slavic languages; Native Central American, South American, and Mexican languages; Caribbean languages; Native North American/Alaskan Native languages; Pacific Island languages; and African languages. The primary language spoken in the home could also be reported as “other” or “unspecified,” and across the U.S., less than one percent of Head Start participants were reported in each of these categories.

⁸ Percentages do not add up to 100 percent because persons of Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race. In 2005, race categories on the PIR were changed. The “Hispanic” category, previously included as a race category, was moved to a separate question that asks for the number of children and pregnant women who were of Hispanic origin, regardless of racial background. Head Start participants whose race is “unspecified” may reflect these changes in race and ethnicity categories.

⁹ The PIR includes all children who were enrolled in Head Start at any point during the program year, including those who dropped out before 45 days of enrollment, the time frame during which Head Start programs are required to provide medical and dental screenings.

¹⁰ “Up-to-date on immunizations” includes those children who are not on the schedule recommended for their age group but who have been brought up to date to the extent possible given the late start on their immunization schedule.

¹¹ Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

¹² This average includes all programs in the state, including part-day programs, programs that operate for a short period of time such as Migrant and Seasonal Programs, and programs that may only operate for part of a week. Therefore, the range of teacher salaries may vary greatly throughout the state.

¹³ Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

For questions or requests for additional data information and analysis, please contact:

Elizabeth Hoffmann
ehoffmann@clasp.org
 (202) 906-8008