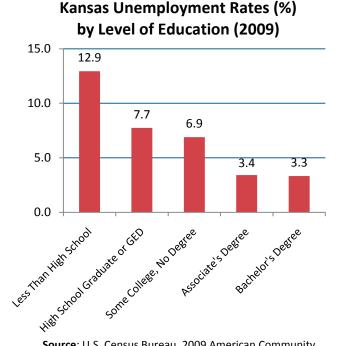
The Economic Imperative for More Adults to Complete College Kansas

Higher Skills Needed for Today's Economic Recovery And Tomorrow's Economic Growth



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey (Public Use Microdata Sample)

Demand for College-Educated Workers will Keep Rising Over the Next Ten Years

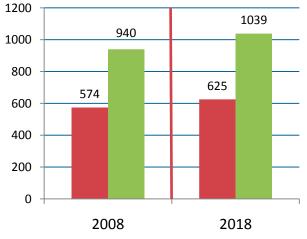
- Between 2008 and 2018, demand for workers with postsecondary education will rise by 10.5 percent in Kansas, while demand for other workers will grow more slowly at 8.9 percent.
- Between 2008 and 2018, state labor demand will increase nearly twice as much for collegeeducated workers (99,000 additional jobs) as for high school graduates and dropouts (51,000 additional jobs).
- By 2018, over 62 percent of jobs in Kansas (and nearly two-thirds of jobs in the nation) will require some postsecondary education or training.

Less Educated Workers are More Likely to Be Out of Work

- Even during tough economic times, skills and credentials matter for labor market success.
- In Kansas, adults without a high school credential are almost twice as likely to be out of work as adults with some college education (12.9 percent vs. 6.9 percent).
- Kansas adults who have completed high school fare much better than dropouts. Yet even these workers face unemployment rates substantially higher than adults with some college, and over twice as high as those with a bachelor's degree (7.7 percent vs. 3.3 percent).

Educational Distribution of Kansas Jobs in 2008 and 2018 (projected) (in thousands)

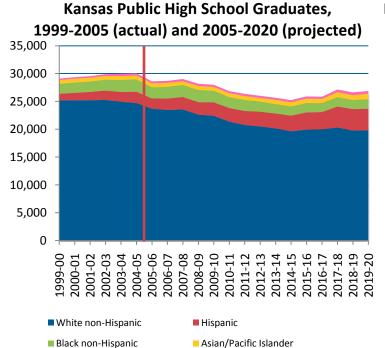
- High School Graduates and Dropouts
- Some College or Better



Source: *Help Wanted: Projections of Jobs and Education Requirements Through 2018.* Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce (2010).

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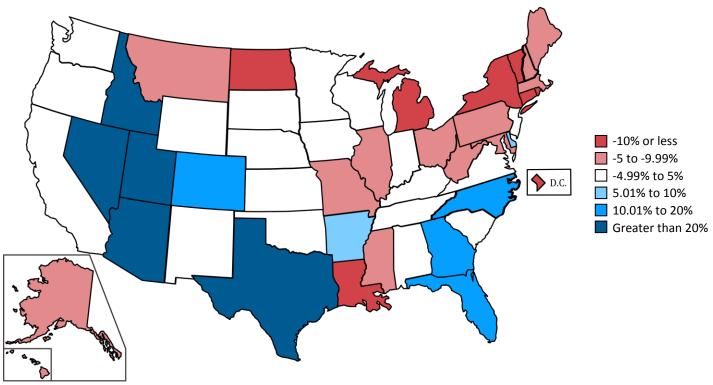
Aging Population Means No Future Growth in High School Graduates, and Sharply Rising College Enrollment Among Adults



American Indian/Alaska Native

Number of High School Graduates Will Level Off, But Trends Split by Race/Ethnicity

- From 2010 to 2020 there will be a slight drop in the number of high school graduates in Kansas, with a projected statewide decrease of 1.1 percent. Trends differ across states, but the nationwide trend is similarly flat.
- Different racial/ethnic groups will experience varied rates of growth and decline in public high school graduates statewide. In particular, the number of white and black non-Hispanic graduates will continue to fall, while the number of graduates from other racial/ethnic groups will rise or stay constant.



Projected Change between 2010 and 2020 in Total High School Graduates, by State

Source: *Knocking at the College Door*. Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (2008).

Prepared by the Center for Law and Social Policy (CLASP) and the National Center for Higher Education Management Systems (NCHEMS) 2 June 2011